## Allan Gray Equity Fund



Fund managers:	lan Liddle, Duncan Artus, Andrew Lapping, Simon Raubenheimer
Associate fund managers: Inception date: Class:	Ruan Stander, Jacques Plaut, Leonard Krüger 1 October 1998 A
Fund description	

The Fund invests in shares listed on the Johannesburg Stock Exchange (JSE). The Fund is typically fully invested in shares. Returns are likely to be volatile, especially over short- and medium-term periods.

ASISA unit trust category:

South African - Equity - General

### Fund objective and benchmark

The Fund aims to outperform the South African equity market over the long term, without taking on greater risk. The Fund's benchmark is the FTSE/JSE All Share Index including income.

### How we aim to achieve the Fund's objective

We seek to buy shares offering the best relative value while maintaining a diversified portfolio. We thoroughly research companies to assess their intrinsic value from a long-term perspective. This long-term perspective enables us to buy shares which are shunned by the stock market because of their unexciting or poor short-term prospects, but which are relatively attractively priced if one looks to the long term. We invest in a selection of shares across all sectors of the JSE, and across the range of large, mid and smaller cap shares.

### Suitable for those investors who

- Seek exposure to JSE-listed equities to provide long-term capital growth
- Are comfortable with stock market fluctuation, i.e. short- to mediumterm volatility
- Are prepared to take on the risk of capital loss
- Typically have an investment horizon of more than five years
- Wish to use the Fund as an equity 'building block' in a diversified multiasset class portfolio

### Minimum investment amounts

Minimum lump sum per investor account:	R20 000
Additional lump sum:	R500
Minimum debit order*:	R500

\*Only available to investors with a South African bank account.

### Annual management fee and total expense ratio (TER)

The fee rate is calculated daily by comparing the Fund's total performance over the last two years, to that of the benchmark adjusted for Fund expenses and cash flows.

Fee for performance equal to the Fund's benchmark: 1.50% p.a. excl. VAT

For each percentage of two-year performance above or below the benchmark, we add or deduct 0.1%, subject to the following limits:

Maximum fee:	3.00% p.a. excl. VAT
Minimum fee:	0.00% p.a. excl. VAT

This means that Allan Gray shares in approximately 20% of annualised performance relative to the benchmark. The fee rate is applied to the daily value of the Fund.

### Fund information on 31 October 2014

Size:	R40.2bn
Price:	R322.59
Number of share holdings:	108

Performance net of all fees and expenses



% Returns	Fund	Benchmark <sup>1</sup>	CPI inflation <sup>2</sup>
Unannualised: Since Inception	4184.7	1464.3	139.7
Annualised: Since Inception	26.3	18.6	5.6
Latest 10 Years	19.4	19.0	6.1
Latest 5 Years	16.3	16.9	5.2
Latest 3 Years	17.6	19.0	5.8
Latest 2 Years	19.4	19.2	5.9
Latest 1 Year	14.4	12.5	5.9
Year-to-date (unannualised)	13.8	10.5	5.3
Risk measures (since inception)			
Maximum Drawdown <sup>3</sup>	-31.3	-45.4	n/a
Percentage Positive Months <sup>4</sup>	67.4	61.1	n/a
Annualised Monthly Volatility $^{\rm 5}$	16.2	17.9	n/a

1. FTSE/JSE All Share Index including income (source: INET BFA), performance as calculated by Allan Gray as at 31 October 2014.

2. This is based on the latest numbers published by INET BFA as at 30 September 2014.

 Maximum percentage decline over any period. The maximum drawdown occurred from 20 May 2008 to 27 October 2008 and maximum benchmark drawdown occurred from 22 May 2008 to 20 November 2008. Drawdown is calculated on the total return of the Fund/benchmark (i.e. including income).

The percentage of calendar months in which the Fund produced a positive monthly return since inception.

The standard deviation of the Fund's monthly return. This is a measure of how much an investment's return varies from its average over time.

The annual management fee is included in the TER. The TER is a measure of the actual expenses incurred by the Fund over a 12 month period. Since Fund returns are quoted after deduction of these expenses, the TER should not be deducted from the published returns (refer to page 2 for further information).

TER breakdown for the year ending 30 September 2014	%
Fee for benchmark performance	1.50
Performance fees	0.22
Other costs including trading costs	0.05
VAT	0.24
Total expense ratio	2.01

## Allan Gray Equity Fund

### Fund manager quarterly commentary as at 30 September 2014

We have written about the high valuation levels of the FTSE/JSE All Share Index (ALSI) for quite some time. Despite our circumspection, the ALSI has continued along its upward trajectory.

We define the intrinsic value of a company as the present value of unencumbered cash generated by the company over its lifetime. This is the free cash available to shareholders, over and above what is required by the company to sustain its operations.

Since a company's intrinsic value is determined over many years – indeed, decades – it is not a value that fluctuates wildly on a daily basis. With the market climbing as rapidly as it has, the market values (i.e. share prices) of many companies have risen beyond their intrinsic values.

This exposes investors to a risk that we are increasingly concerned about: one of permanently losing capital, should share prices revert back to (or below) their intrinsic values. This risk is proportionate to the gap between market and intrinsic values: the higher the market versus the intrinsic value, the greater the risk.

In the Equity Fund, our primary way of mitigating this risk is to stick to a disciplined valuation-based approach to investing. Valuation-based investing entails allocating capital to the shares that are trading at the most favourable valuations relative to their intrinsic values. Like a beauty contest, it is a relative game, since the Fund is currently restricted to shares that are listed on the JSE. In other words, in an expensive market we may have to settle for holding the least expensive shares.

An unambiguous measure of the cash generating capacity of a company is the history of cash dividends paid to shareholders over time. Sasol, Standard Bank and British American Tobacco (BAT) have managed to grow their dividends much faster than the average company over the past 33 years – by 5.8%, 6.6% and 12.3% in real terms respectively, compared to 1.8% for the ALSI overall; a clear demonstration of the strength of the companies' fundamentals. The 4% difference in growth rates between Sasol and the ALSI may not seem like much, but when compounded over 33 years it means that Sasol now pays out 3.5x more in dividends to shareholders (in real terms) than the ALSI. The difference of course is even more pronounced for Standard Bank and BAT.

Better still for investors, these shares can be bought at cheaper valuations than the market: the average dividend yields for the above three shares are just under 4%, versus the ALSI average of 2.7%. As a result: Sasol, Standard Bank and BAT make up 31.5% of the Equity Fund directly (and around 34.8% indirectly, if Reinet's exposure to BAT is included).

These are not glamorous growth stocks, but steady compounders that will hopefully stand us in good stead irrespective of market conditions.

Commentary contributed by Simon Raubenheimer

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### Top 10 share holdings on 30 September 2014 (updated quarterly)

Company	% of portfolio
Sasol	12.2
British American Tobacco	11.5
SABMiller	8.8
Standard Bank	7.8
Remgro	5.4
Reinet Investments SA	4.3
Old Mutual	3.7
Investec	2.9
Anglo American	2.5
Netcare	1.8
Total	61.0

### Sector allocation on 30 September 2014 (updated quarterly)

Sector	% of Fund	ALSI
Oil & Gas	12.2	5.2
Basic Materials	11.4	21.7
Industrials	12.2	6.1
Consumer Goods	24.0	23.4
Health Care	3.2	3.7
Consumer Services	4.9	12.0
Telecommunications	0.9	7.3
Financials	27.8	20.2
Technology	0.8	0.4
Commodity-Linked	0.4	0.0
Money Market and Bank Deposits	2.2	0.0
Total	100.0	100.0

### Income distributions for the last 12 months

To the extent that income earned in the form of dividends and interest exceeds expenses in the Fund, the Fund will distribute any surplus biannually.	31 Dec 2013	30 Jun 2014
Cents per unit	195.6494	187.7617

Note: There may be slight discrepancies in the totals due to rounding.

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The Fund may be closed to new investments at any time in order to be managed in accordance with its mandate. Permissible deductions may include management fees, brokerage, STT, auditor's fees, bank charges and trustee fees. Unit trusts are traded at ruling prices and can engage in borrowing and scrip lending. The Fund may borrow up to 10% of the market value of the portfolio to bridge insufficient liquidity. The FTSE/JSE All Share Index is calculated by FTSE International Limited ('FTSE') in conjunction with the JSE Limited ('JSE') in accordance with standard criteria. The FTSE/ JSE Africa Series is the proprietary information of FTSE and the JSE. All copyright subsisting in the FTSE/JSE All Share Index values and constituent lists vests in FTSE and the JSE jointly. All their rights are reserved. Allan Gray Unit Trust Management (RF) Proprietary Limited ("the Company") is a member of the Association for Savings & Investment SA (ASISA). Allan Gray Proprietary Limited, an authorised financial services provider, is the appointed investment manager of the Company. The Company is incorporated and registered under the laws of South Africa and is supervised by the Financial Services Board. The Company has been approved by the Regulatory Authority of Botswana to market its unit trusts in Botswana, however it is not supervised or licensed in Botswana.

### Unit price

Unit trust prices are calculated on a net asset value basis, which is the total market value of all assets in the portfolio including any income accruals and less any permissible deductions from the portfolio divided by the number of units in issue. Forward pricing is used and Fund valuations take place at approximately 16:00 each business day. Purchase and redemption requests must be received by the manager by 14:00 each business day to receive that day's price.

### Fees

A schedule of fees, charges and maximum commissions is available on request from the manager. Commission and incentives may be paid and if so, would be included in the overall costs.

### TER

The total expense ratio (TER) is the percentage of the Fund's average assets under management that has been used to pay the Fund's operating expenses over the past year. The TER includes the annual management fees that have been charged (both the fee at benchmark and any performance component charged), trading costs (including brokerage, STT, STRATE and insider trading levy), VAT and other expenses. Since unit trust expenses vary, the current TER cannot be used as an indication of future TERs. All Allan Gray performance figures are quoted after the deduction of costs incurred within the Fund so the TER is not a new cost. A higher TER ratio does not necessarily imply a poor return, nor does a low TER imply a good return. Instead, when investing, the investment objective of the Fund should be aligned with the investor's objective and compared against the performance of the Fund. TERs should then be used to evaluate whether the Fund performance offers value for money.

### Performance

Collective Investment Schemes in Securities (unit trusts) are generally medium- to long-term investments. The value of units may go down as well as up and past performance is not necessarily a guide to the future. Performance figures are from Allan Gray Proprietary Limited and are for lump sum investments with income distributions reinvested.